



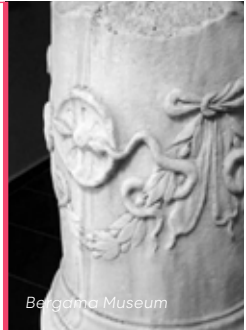
Izmir Heritage of the World

Guiding world civilizations with its eight thousand five hundred years of history, Izmir is taking steps to register its cultural heritage and unique nature with **UNESCO World Heritage** status.



Bergama Carpet

With its 8,500-year-old history, Izmir is one of the must-see cities in Mediterranean. There are two magnificent ancient cities in Izmir on the UNESCO World Heritage List: Pergamon and Ephesus. In addition, Izmir continues its efforts to include the historical Port City, Birgi, Gediz Delta and Foça, Çandarlı and Çesme castles, which are part of the Genoese trade route, on the permanent list.



Bergama Museum

Izmir tells the story of a sophisticated culture that has preserved its originality in every corner. It invites those who dream of getting to know the most glamorous cities of history, walking on the colonnaded roads of those cities, seeing the unique works in museums, and being enchanted by ancient times.

visit izmir

Your city guide with all the up-to date information about Izmir will help you plan your perfect trip. Exploring the city with Visit Izmir, the promotional face of Izmir, is both simple and fun. Visit Izmir, which contains detailed information about innovations, places to see, accommodation and activities in the city, shows you how to reach all these points on updated maps. You can send your comments and suggestions about Visit Izmir to the e-mail address

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Izmir Foundation

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Feel the Magic of Ancient Times

Izmir, the cradle of our civilization today with its historical and cultural identity, offers its visitors the views of this unique civilization and a rich past whose roots go back thousands of years; **it showcases the greatest monumental works of archeology, art and architectural history.**

visitizmir.org





History & Cultural Tourism

1. Agora Ruins

İzmir agora was established on the northern slope of Pagos (Kadifekale), where the ancient city of Smyrna was moved in the 4th century BC. Agora draws attention with the graffiti that it hosts, which are the first known examples in the world. They reflect the traces of the everyday life in the Roman period.

→ Namazgah, Tarık Sarı Sokağı No: 29 Konak

2. Ephesus Ancient City

The ancient Greek city of Ephesus later became an important Roman city. Its foundation dates back to the Neolithic Age. Ephesus, which was included in the World Heritage Tentative List by UNESCO in 1994, was registered as a World Heritage Site in 2015.

3. Pergamon Ancient City

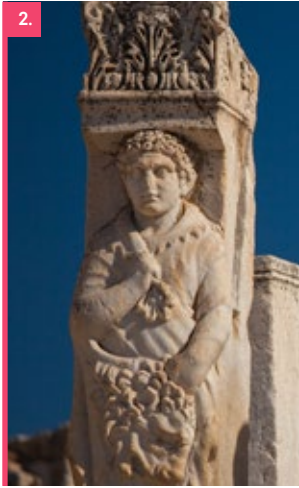
The city, which is mentioned in written documents as being founded at the beginning of the 4th century BC, is the capital of the Pergamon Kingdom. As a hill settlement, Pergamon's understanding of urbanism is a unique example in terms of planning. Excavation and repair work, which started in 1878, continues today.

→ Kurtuluş Mahallesi Akropol Yolu No: 2 Bergama

4. Metropolis Ancient Settlement

The first settlement area of Torbalı is Metropolis Antique City, which was founded on a hill. The Atrium, the Roman House, the temples of Zeus and the Twelve Gods, which have survived from the city that was founded in the 3rd century BC, remain from the Roman Empire Period.

→ Yeniköy Mahallesi Sevgi Yolu Sokak Torbalı



5. Yesilova Mound

Yeşilova Mound, the first prehistoric settlement of İzmir, is the oldest settlement in the city. It is known that many different communities lived here dating back to the Bronze Age, Chalcolithic Period and Neolithic Period. First settlement known has traces back to 8,500 years.

→ Karacaoğlan, 6253. Sokak No:15 Bornova



Teos Ancient City

The most important artifact unearthed in the excavations in the ancient city, which was founded as an Ionian colony in 1000 BC, was the largest Dionysus Temple of the ancient world.

→

Sığaok Mevkii
Teos Cad. No: 151
Seferihisar



Smyrna Ancient City

The ancient city of Smyrna carries the traces of 5,000 years of civilization history to the present day. Athena Temple, Double Megaron, Wall, Monumental Fountain, Burial Ground and Tantalos Tomb await its visitors.

→

Tepekule
Bayraklı



İzmir Archeology Museum

A large number of artifacts from prehistoric times to the Byzantine period are exhibited in the museum. You can see works from different periods, such as the Bronze Demeter.

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Bahribaba Parkı İç
No:4 Konak

Ancient Cities And Museums

Atatürk Museum, Konak,
→ Atatürk Caddesi No: 24

İzmir Ethnography Museum, Konak,
→ Halit Rifat Paşa Caddesi No: 4

Arkas Art Center, Konak,
→ Alsancak, 1380 Sokak No:1

İzmir History and Art Museum, Konak,
→ Kültür Park Fuar Alanı, Montrö Kapısı

Yeşilova Mound Visitor Center, Bornova,
→ Karacaoğlan, 6253. Sokak No:15

Ege University Natural History Museum, Bornova,
→ Ege Üniversitesi Kampüsü,
Tabiat Tarihi Uygulama ve Araştırma Merkezi

Yassitepe, Bornova,
→ Kazımdırık Mahallesi 372. Sokak No: 67

Kolophon – Klaros, Menderes,
→ Ahmetbeyli Mahallesi Işıklı Klaros Caddesi

Klazomenai, Urla,
→ İskele, 2121 Sokak No: 17

Erythrai (İldırı) Ancient Settlement, Çeşme
→ İldır

Key Museum, Torbalı,
→ Çapak Mahallesi Özgörkey Caddesi No: 5/1

Tire City Museum, Tire,
→ Atatürk Caddesi No: 2

Bergama Archeology Museum, Bergama,
→ Zafer Mahallesi Cumhuriyet Caddesi No: 10

Asklepion, Bergama,
→ Zafer Mahallesi Site Sokak No: 16